



Security Council

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Resolution 1 (2013)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 2nd meeting, on
12 April 2013

The Security Council,

Reaffirming that proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, as well as their means of delivery, constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

Underlining once again the importance that the DPRK respond to other security and humanitarian concerns of the international community,

Expressing the gravest concern at the nuclear test conducted by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea ("the DPRK") on 12 February 2013 (local time) in violation of resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009) and resolution 2087 (2013), and at the challenge such a test constitutes to the Treaty on Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons ("the NPT") and to international efforts aimed at strengthening the global regime of non-proliferation of nuclear weapons, and the danger it poses to peace and stability in the region and beyond, Concerned that the DPRK is abusing the privileges and immunities accorded under the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic and Consular Relations, Welcoming the Financial Action Task Force's (FATF) new Recommendation 7 on targeted financial sanctions related to proliferation, and urging Member States to apply FATF's Interpretative Note to Recommendation 7 and related guidance papers for effective implementation of targeted financial sanctions related to proliferation,

Expressing its gravest concern that the DPRK's ongoing nuclear and ballistic missile-related activities have further generated increased tension in the

region and beyond, and determining that there continues to exist a clear threat to international peace and security,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, and taking measures under its Article 41,

Condemns in the strongest terms the nuclear test conducted by the DPR Korea on 12 February 2013 in violation and flagrant disregard of the Council's relevant resolutions,

Demands returning to the Six-Party Talks,

Calls upon all member-states to create an investigation committee under the UN mandate for prevention the direct or indirect supply, sale or transfer to or from the DPRK or its nationals, through their territories or by their nationals, of any item if that committee determines that such item could contribute to the DPRK's nuclear or ballistic missile programmes,

Suggests by the peaceful measures DPR Korea:

- a. Stopping increasing its nuclear potential,
- b. Returning into Non-proliferation Treaty;

Recommends sending the UN humanitarian help to the DPR Korea through the Chinese or other open border in order to observe the situation and provide any necessary support that will be needed by the DPRK civilians,

Suggests recalling all the diplomats from the embassies and consulates in the DPR Korea in case of threat to their safety are evident,

Authorizes establishing a peace-enforcement operation in the DPR Korea whether the peaceful measures will be ineffective, specifically the Six-Party talks and other peaceful means that could be adopted by the SC,

Suggests, in case of the DPR Korea's attack, resorting to the non-peaceful methods, using the International Coalition Forces,

Decides that the DPR Korea shall not conduct any further launches that use ballistic missile technology, nuclear tests and any other provocation and in case of non-observance of this point all member-states should take immediate actions:

- a) to stop the humanitarian support,
- b) to establish the peace enforcement operation;

Recommends creating the line of self-defense

a. By doubling the border control on the common borders between China and DPR Korea, Russian Federation and DPR Korea, Republic of Korea and DPR Korea and by strengthening it with anti-aircraft defense and anti-missile and monitoring systems and then establishing the 10 km boundary zone with the replacement of the armies (30000 from the Russian Federation and China and 20000 joint forces of US and South Korea),

b. By patrolling the territorial waters of neighboring countries with joint Forces of the USA, China, Russian Federation and Japan;

Suggests abstaining from any steps which can be interpreted as provocation or considered as attack specifying all kinds of checkouts within the 10 km boundary zone established by this resolution,

Decides to remain seized of the matter.